

CURRICULUM PRIORITIZATION: DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE ONLY

GRADE: 10th Grade Global History and Geography

UNIT/THEME: Different Paths: The World Between 1500 and 1700 CE

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<p>II. Western Europe’s Emergence</p> <p>1. The Renaissance</p> <p>A. Decline of feudalism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Plague • 100 Years’ War • The Great Schism <p>B. Ideological framework</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shift in world-view • Humanism • Greco-Roman revival • Art and architecture • Inventions • Machiavelli <p>C. The Reformation (review)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1517 • Impact • Development of nation-states - centralization <p>D. Exploration (review)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Important explorers • Triangle Trade and Columbian exchange • Dominance over Latin America and parts of Africa 	<p>I. Introduction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social Studies Skills • Review <p>III. Eastern Europe – Russia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human and physical geography • Impact of Mongol rule • End of Mongol dominance and emergence of Romanov Dynasty • Peter the Great • Isolationism <p>V. East Asia: China</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rise and fall of the Ming Dynasty (1368-1644) • Contributions • Zheng He Expeditions • Isolationism 	<p>IV. The Ottoman Empire</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human and physical setting • Significance of 1453 • Contributions and Suleiman • Limits of the Ottoman Empire and decline <p>VI. East Asia: Japan</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tokugawa Shogunate (1603 – 1868) • Social structure • Isolationism

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UNIT/THEME: Revolutions and Internal Conflict

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<p>I. Human Rights</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General definition • View over time and important documents <p>II. Absolutism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition (Bossuet) • Theory of divine right • Examples (Louis XIV, Akbar the Great, etc.) <p>IV. The Enlightenment in Europe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Important theorists and contributions – Locke, Voltaire, Rousseau and Montesquieu • New view of government and society <p>VIII. The French Revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Causes: Enlightenment influence, plight of the 3rd Estate, etc. • Key individuals (Louis XVI, Robespierre, etc.) • Effects: Stages over time, rise of Napoleon and development of nationalism 	<p>III. Scientific Revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scientific method • Contributions of Copernicus, Galileo, Newton and Descartes <p>VI. The Puritan Revolution and the Glorious Revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evolution over time beginning with the Magna Carta • The Stuart Dynasty • The English Civil War and the Stuart Restoration • James II is overthrown and William and Mary come into power <p>IX. Latin American Revolutions/Independence Movements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human and physical geography • Causes: Influence of the Enlightenment and the French Revolution and unequal social class system • Key individuals (Bolivar, L’Ouverture and Martin) • Effects 	<p>V. Enlightened Despots</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition • Examples (Maria Theresa and Catherine the Great) <p>VII. The American Revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Influence of the Enlightenment • Impact on other revolutions <p>X. Reaction against revolutionary ideas</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of reactionary • The Congress of Vienna and Metternich • The Revolutions of 1848 and responses to them

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UNIT/THEME: Nationalism, Industrialization and External Conflict

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<p>I. The Industrial Revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The importance of the agricultural revolution • Why it occurred first in England (geographical, political, infrastructure, etc.) • Definition of capitalism • Adam Smith and laissez-faire economics • Impact: Urbanization and the factory system <p>III. The concept of nationalism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two definitions <p>V. Imperialism (“New Imperialism”)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Causes and motives (economic, political, White Man’s Burden, etc.) • Europe extends its power worldwide <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Africa (Berlin Conference – “Scramble for Africa”) and responses – Zulu resistance 2. China – (Opium War and Spheres of Influence) and responses – the Boxers and the Chinese Revolution 	<p>II. Responses to industrialization – reform to revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Marxian economics • Growth of unions • Parliamentary reform • Utopian Societies <p>IV: Unification – Italy and Germany</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key individuals (Bismarck, Garibaldi, Cavour, etc.) • Background to unification • Steps taken to unify • Effect of the unifications <p>VI. World War I</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Background and causes of • Alliance Systems • The “Spark” that ignited the war • Warfare and methods • Reference to the Russian Revolution and its impact on the Allies <p>IX: Inter-war period: foreshadowing the future</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The emergence of 3 ultra-nationalist nations <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Italy and the birth of fascism under Mussolini 	

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<p>V. Imperialism con't</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. India – (The East India Company) and responses – the Sepoy Mutiny and the birth of the I.N.C. 4. A different path – Japan and the Meiji Restoration. Japan becomes imperialist – Russo-Japanese War and annexation of Korea <p>VII. The end of World War I</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Treaty of Versailles and changing borders <p>VIII. The Russian Revolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Background - 19th century Russia – predominately a serfdom and ruled by absolutism • The Romanov Dynasty • Causes of the Russian Revolution (plight of the peasants, World War I, industrial discontent, etc.) • Key individuals (Lenin, Trotsky, Nicholas II, etc.) • The Russian Civil War 	<p>IX: Inter-war period con't</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Militaristic Japan 3. Germany – the failure of Weimar, hyper-inflation and the rise of the Nazis and anti-Semitism 4. The response to ultra-nationalism – failure of the League of Nations, the impact of the Great Depression and appeasement (ie – the Munich Agreement) <p>X. Key battles and agreements during World War II</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-aggression pact • Alliances and key leaders • Blitzkrieg • Battle of Britain • Operation Barbarossa • D-Day and V-E Day • Atomic bombings and V-J Day • World War II Peace Conferences • Europe after the end of World War II • Japan and Germany <p>XI: Human rights abuses during the war</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Rape of Nanking and the Holocaust (reference the Armenian Massacre) 	

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UNIT/THEME: Post-World War II

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<p>II. The Cold War</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Definition 2. Alliances (NATO and Warsaw Pact) 3. Early Cold War events (Marshall Plan, Truman Doctrine and Berlin Airlift) <p>V. Collapse of European Imperialism – Decolonization and nationalist movements</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. India nationalist movement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key events going back to the birth of the I.N.C. (Amritsar massacre, the Salt March, etc.) • Key individuals (Gandhi, Jinnah and Nehru) • Methods • Partition and impact 2. Zionism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History of the Jewish people and Zionism • The collapse of the Ottoman Empire and mandates – promises made to two groups • The impact of the Holocaust • The creation of two states • The ensuing Arab-Israeli conflicts 	<p>I. The emergence of the Soviet Union</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stalin’s rise to power • Collectivization • Industrialization and 5 year plans (command economy) • Russification, forced famine and the purges • Soviet Union: superpower at the end of World War II <p>III. The Birth of the United Nations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Important roles • Organization <p>IV. Later Cold War Events</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Korean War • Revolts in the Satellites • Nuclear Race • Space Race 	

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	<p>V. Collapse of European Imperialism con't</p> <p>3. African nationalist movements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Examples: Jomo Kenyatta and Kwame Nkrumah • Methods <p>4. Vietnamese nationalist Movement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ho Chi Minh and the history of the Vietnamese • Tactics and effects (cover Pol Pot and the Khmer Rouge) <p>5. Irish nationalist movement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Background and the Potato Famine • The I.R.A. • Key events and the 1921 Treaty 	

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UNIT/THEME: A Transforming World

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<p>IV. Africa – focus on South Africa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Historical background of Apartheid • Birth of the A.N.C. • Key individuals: Mandela, Tutu and F.W. de Klerk • End of Apartheid <p>V. Eastern Europe and the collapse of communism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key events: Poland’s Solidarity, Afghanistan, Chernobyl, etc. • Key individuals – Gorbachev, Walesa, Yeltsin • 1989 – Fall of the Berlin Wall • Changing map, challenges and ethnic conflict (i.e. – Yugoslavia) 	<p>I. Contemporary Middle East</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic setting and O.P.E.C. • Arab/Israeli conflicts and the P.L.O • Fundamentalism vs. Westernization – Ataturk vs. the Ayatollah’s Iran • Afghanistan and Algeria fundamentalism • Terrorism/extremism and attempts at peace • Persian Gulf War (1991) <p>III. Contemporary China</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The 1911 Revolution • Civil War – Jiang Jieshi vs. Mao Zedong • Communist victory and the “two Chinas” • Rule of Mao • The contradictory Deng Xiaoping • Tiananmen Square massacre • Hong Kong returned <p>VI. Western Europe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recovery of Germany (juxtapose with Japan) • Integration and the EU (juxtapose with NAFTA) 	<p>II. Contemporary Latin America</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continued problems with land distribution and a rigid social class system • Revolutionary movements: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mexican Revolution 2. Evita Peron and Argentina 3. Cuban Revolution 4. Sandinista Revolution • Growing Democratization • NAFTA

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UNIT/THEME: Contemporary Issues

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<p>I. Ethnic and religious tensions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rwanda, Northern Ireland, The Balkans, etc. <p>II. Economic Trends</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. North-South dichotomy (legacy of colonialism) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poverty, disease, development and hunger 2. Growing interdependence/globalization 	<p>III. Population pressures and poverty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Problem areas • Proposed solutions <p>IV. The environment and sustainability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pollution • Deforestation and desertification • Endangered species <p>V. Science and technology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Information age • Green Revolution • Nuclear Proliferation • Medical breakthroughs <p>VI. Status of Women and Children</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Child labor, equality/mobility, participation in government, etc. 	<p>VII. Migration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reasons for and problems associated with immigration • Immigration to Germany, France and the United States <p>VIII. Modernization vs. tradition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saudi Arabia, Japan and Latin America

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